### **COON RAPIDS MUNICIPAL UTILITIES**

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SUPPLEMENTARY AND OTHER INFORMATION AND SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

**JUNE 30, 2024** 

T. P. ANDERSON & COMPANY, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

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## COON RAPIDS MUNICIPAL UTILITIES OFFICIALS

### **JUNE 30, 2024**

Board of Trustees	<u>Title</u>	Term Expires
Terry Garnes	Chairperson	June 2027
Mary Schwaller	Vice Chairperson	June 2028
Lee Boeke	Trustee	June 2025
Alan Andersen	Trustee	June 2026
Doris Bass	Trustee	June 2024
Management		
Bradley Honold	Secretary/General Manager	Indefinite
Kari Woodard	Director of Finance and Accounting	Indefinite
Jesica Leighty	City Clerk/City Treasurer	Indefinite
David Bruner	City Attorney	Indefinite



### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees Coon Rapids Municipal Utilities Coon Rapids, IA 51301

### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and each major fund of Coon Rapids Municipal Utilities (the Utilities), a component unit of the City of Coon Rapids, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Utilities' financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and each major fund of Coon Rapids Municipal Utilities, as of June 30, 2024 and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Utility and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that arise substantial doubt about the Utilities' ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Utility's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Utility's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Budgetary Comparison Information, the Schedule of the Utility's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, and the Schedule of Utility Contributions on pages 4-12 and 34-38 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

TP Anderson & Company, P.C.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 19, 2024 on our consideration of the Utility's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Utility's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Utility's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Humboldt, Iowa

December 19, 2024



The Coon Rapids Municipal Utilities, "CRMU" provides this Management Discussion and Analysis of its financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities is for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with CRMU's financial statements, which follow.

### **Using this Annual Report**

The annual report consists of a series of financial statements and other information, as follows:

- Management Discussion & Analysis introduces the basic financial statements and provides an analytical overview of CRMU's financial activities.
- Government-wide financial statements consist of a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. These provide information about the activities of CRMU as a whole and present an overall view of the CRMU's finances.
- The fund financial statements tell how governmental services were financed in the short term as well as
  what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements report CRMU's operations in more detail
  than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the most significant funds.
- Notes to financial statements provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.
- Required supplementary information further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of CRMU's budget for the year and CRMU's proportionate share of the net pension liability and related contributions.

### **Reporting CRMU's Financial Activities**

One of the most important questions asked about CRMU's finances is, "Is CRMU as a whole better or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information which helps answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources measurement focus, which is similar to the accounting used by most private sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents financial information on all of CRMU's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in CRMU's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of CRMU is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how CRMU's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will not result in cash flows until future fiscal years.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report business type activities that are financed primarily by user charges. Because CRMU operates five different utilities, we choose to look at each individual utility and its financial performance versus combining all into a single utility. This allows for a more in-depth analysis and understanding of each fund /service.

The following sections will look at each utility service and its overall performance for Fiscal Year 2024, including revenues and expenses from operations, comparison of capital asset and long-term debt activity, budgetary analysis, and relevant economic factors.

### Communications Utility

Overview:

CRMU's communication utility provides a variety of products and services to the Coon Rapids community. Services include high speed internet, managed Wi-Fi, cable television, telephone, and long distance. communication services are provided over a Fiber-to-the-Home (FTTH) network with "home runs" (a direct fiber line from our Network Operations Center) to each resident and business in Coon Rapids. Additionally, we have a redundant fiber transport route for reliability. This network provides CRMU customers with the best technology and reliability available for communication service.

### Economic Factors & Budget Analysis

CRMU's communication utility has seen significant changes over the years. Customer behaviors have switched from a designated cable TV provider with channel and programming options limited to current offerings of the provider to internet, app based programming via numerous streaming options available to anyone across the country. This has resulted in few cable TV customers, as customers perceive the value

of these app-based services more desirable. At the same time, cable TV programming costs have continued to increase substantially over the years.

In fiscal year 2024, it became apparent that remaining in the cable TV business no longer made financial sense and an exit strategy was necessary. For this reason, CRMU will be discontinuing the cable TV product on March 1, 2025.

CRMU continues to offer landline telephone and internet services. Telephone subscribers have declined with the adoption of VOIP phone systems and cellular phones; however, CRMU intends to remain in the landline telephone business for the foreseeable future.

Fiscal year 2024 budgeted revenues and expenses totaled \$974,254 and \$807,631, respectively. CRMU ended the year with actual revenues of \$993,729 and expenses of \$767.453.

Looking to the future, CRMU projects revenues of \$698,100 and expenses totaling \$539,629. Despite exiting the cable TV space, we project a positive financial performance in the coming fiscal year.

### **Results of Operations:**

(As reported in the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position)

Revenue from operations decreased 3.8%, while total operating expenses increased 5.5%.

Total operating revenues saw a decrease of almost \$40,000 for cable TV (due to customers discontinuing their service), a \$19,000 increase in internet, and a decrease of more than \$18,000 in telephone (a combination of CABS and basic telephone revenues).

Total nonoperating revenues increased to \$167, compared to a \$41,000 loss last year, which is all directly attributable to interest income.

Total communications utility expenses increased by about \$35,000. The primary reason for the increase is the GASB 68 IPERS expense adjustment. Last year, this expense was a negative \$5,600 – compared to this year's \$24,700 (a change of \$30,300).

The communications utility ended the year with a \$226,276 gain, compared to \$296,668 in 2023. Added to the utility's beginning net position of \$1,876,807, CRMU's communication total net position as of June 30, 2024 is \$2,103,083.

### Communications Utility Financial Highlights: Dollars in Thousands

2024 2023 **OPERATING NONOPERATING TRANSFERS** ...... 0 **ASSETS** Noncurrent Assets ..... <u>0</u> ...... <u>0</u> **DEFERRED OUTFLOWS** ...... <u>13</u> ..... <u>38</u> Total Assets & Deferred Outflows ...... 2,207....... 1,959 **LIABILITIES** Current ...... 69 ...... 46 
 Long-term
 34
 31

 Total Liabilities
 103
 77
 **NET POSITION** Net Investment in Capital Assets ...... 41 ..... 61 Total Liab., Def. Inflows & Net Pos. ..... 2,207......... 1,959

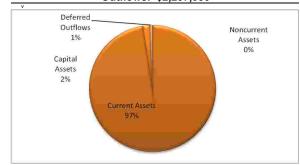
### **Financial Position:**

(As reported on the Statement of Net Position)

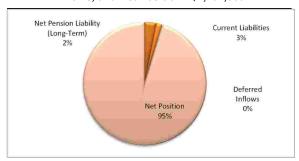
Total assets increased almost 14% in fiscal year 2024. This can be attributed to an increase in cash and cash equivalents. Total liabilities increased more than 33%, which is a direct result of an increase in accounts payable at fiscal year end. The increase in payables is solely due to timing of invoices received and when expenses were incurred.

Capital assets, in the form of utility plant, facilities and equipment, account for 2% of total assets and deferred outflows, while current assets comprise 97% of the total assets and deferred outflows. Cash, cash equivalents, and investments account for 95% of total assets and deferred outflows. These funds are designated for equipment replacement, capital improvements, and general savings.

### Communications Utility Total Assets and Deferred Outflows: \$2,207,030



Communications Utility Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position: \$2,207,030



### Electric Utility

Overview:

The CRMU electric utility continued its strong financial performance in fiscal year 2024. In addition to the positive impact of CRMU's capacity sharing agreement with NIMECA and membership within SPP, CRMU gained one new customer, which has resulted in an even stronger financial performance.

The Evolving Industry (EV) customer began operating in June, 2023. Throughout the first half of fiscal year 2024, they continued to ramp up production to about 18 MW (about 6 times more than our normal demand). This resulted in a significant increase in revenue. Expenses also increased due to the purchase of capacity and energy to serve the new load.

CRMU's electric utility will also be making plans for future capital improvements – including, but not limited to, new lines to the wells, underground facility improvement, and transformer upgrades.

### Economic Factors & Budget Analysis

CRMU's electric utility has performed well for years, while being able to update infrastructure and maintaining our current electric system. The addition of the EV customer class has made the financial performance even stronger. While still

planning for future financial obligations, CRMU is establishing a favorable plan for many years to come. Due to the nature of the large user, it's conceivable that the customer could stop using electricity at any time; however, political factors and financial outlooks have minimized that likelihood.

Electric prices have fluctuated over the past few years – primarily due to supply and demand changes. However, we expect the new administration to focus on the current prices of energy and try to keep it affordable and reliable for all.

Fiscal year 2024 budgeted revenues and expenses totaled \$10,300,060 and \$8,878,951, respectively. CRMU ended the year with actual revenues of \$9,073,902 and expenses of \$7,198,442.

Looking to the future, CRMU projects revenues of \$18,482,300 and expenses totaling \$14,861,119 in fiscal year 2025. The evolving industry customer is expected to increase their load 2-fold from what they are currently using (as of 6/30/24). This will only strengthen our financial performance — as long as they continue to operate.

### **Results of Operations:**

(As reported in the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position)

Revenue from operations increased 200% - by about \$5,741,546. Revenue from sales to customers increased more than 150% - by about \$4,300,000, which is a result of the new evolving industry customer revenue stream. Sales for resale increased 2%.

Nonoperating revenue increased more than \$103,000 (44%) thanks to increased interest income. Interest income almost doubled – from \$179,000 last year to \$353,000 this fiscal year.

Operating expenses increased 200% - by \$4,712,000, which is a direct result of increased purchased energy and transmission costs associated with the evolving industry customer class.

In lieu of tax payments continued to the community and City of Coon Rapids, totaling more than \$100,000, compared to \$78,500 last year.

The electric utility's beginning net position was \$15,747,788. The total gain of \$1,875,460 this fiscal year resulted in an ending net position of \$17,623,248.

### **Financial Position:**

(As reported on the Statement of Net Position)

Current assets account for 43% of total assets and deferred outflows. CRMU has 36% of its total assets and deferred outflows in the form of cash and cash equivalents. The Board of Trustees has allocated the funds for designated uses such as capital improvement, equipment replacement, generation replacement, health fund plan, etc., leaving only a small portion of its current assets undesignated.

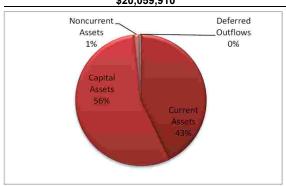
Capital assets, in the form of utility plant, facilities and equipment, account for 56% of CRMU's total assets and deferred outflows. Noncurrent assets account for 1% of total assets and deferred outflows.

Current liabilities account for 5% of total liabilities and net position (\$160,000 in current notes payable). CRMU is required to report a "Net Pension Liability" of \$208,610 for the electric utility, which CRMU will likely never be required to pay (see Note 9 of the audit report). Finally, the "Note Payables" of 6% (\$1.255MM) represent the FTTH debt.

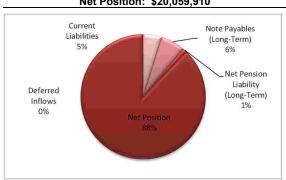
### **Electric Utility Financial Highlights:**

Dollars in Thousands	5	
	2024	2023
OPERATING		
Revenues	8,605.	2,863
Expenses	<u>7,066</u> .	<u>2,354</u>
Operating Income (Loss)	1,539.	509
NONOPERATING		
Revenues (Expenses)	<u>337</u> .	<u>233</u>
TRANSFERS	<u>0</u> .	<u>0</u>
Change in Net Position		
ASSETS		
Current	8,586.	6,517
Capital	11,129.	10,906
Noncurrent	<u>264</u> .	<u>314</u>
Total Assets	19,979.	17,737
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	<u>81</u> .	<u>53</u>
Total Assets & Deferred Outflows	20,060.	17,790
LIABILITIES		
Current	965	427
Long-term	<u>1,464</u> .	<u>1,588</u>
Total Liabilities	2,429.	2,015
DEFERRED INFLOWS	8.	28
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	9,714.	9,336
Restricted	999.	857
Unrestricted	<u>6,910</u> .	<u>5,554</u>
Total Net Position	<u>17,623</u> .	<u>15,747</u>
Total Liab., Def. Inflows & Net Pos	20,060.	17,790

### Electric Utility Total Assets and Deferred Outflows: \$20,059,910



Electric Utility Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position: \$20,059,910



Natural Gas Utility

Overview:

CRMU's natural gas utility follows a commodity purchasing strategy with the goal of forward purchasing the majority of its annual requirements prior to the winter heating season. This purchasing strategy consists of a mixed portfolio of commodity purchases ranging from futures contracts, to storage, to fixed monthly and spot volume purchases.

CRMU also optimizes its storage contract to help balance its daily volumes to avoid any monthly imbalance penalties from the pipeline.

### Economic Factors & Budget Analysis

The actual commodity cost of natural gas is passed through directly to our customers through a specific rate component (called the "Purchased Gas Adjustment" – PGA). As those costs change, so does the total rate (and therefore the customer bill). The natural gas markets have been somewhat volatile over the years. The PGA over the past year was about 17% lower than 2023. The weather and customer demand greatly

affects the natural gas commodity price. In fiscal year 2024, the winter weather was mild – leading to decreased customer demand.

Fiscal year 2024 budgeted revenues and expenses totaled \$959,920 and \$938,349, respectively. CRMU ended the year with actual revenues of \$983,718 and expenses of \$815,924.

Looking to the future, CRMU projects revenues of \$1,166,800 and expenses totaling \$938,349. Of course, this is all dependent on actual customer usage, weather, and commodity prices.

CRMU does not currently have a rate adjustment planned. Current rates are sufficient to cover both expenses and capital expenditures.

### **Results of Operations:**

(As reported in the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position)

In 2024, CRMU's natural gas utility experienced an operating gain of \$88,141, compared to a gain of \$173,438 in 2023. Combined with nonoperating revenues and expenses, the utility ended the year with a \$138,000 gain, compared to a gain of \$163,000 last year. Nonoperating interest income revenue increased \$35,922, which helped the overall utility performance.

In 2024, total operating revenues decreased more than \$237,000 (21.5%). Total usage decreased about 15% compared to last year, which was largely due to a much milder winter compared to 2023. Additionally, the commodity cost of natural gas was about 17% lower than last year.

Total operating expenses decreased \$152,000 (16%) – mainly due to the decreased usage and decreased commodity cost.

Payment-in-lieu-of-taxes (PILOT) and contributions to the City of Coon Rapids totaled almost \$40,000 from the natural gas utility. This is \$3,000 more than contributions and PILOT in fiscal year 2023.

### **Natural Gas Utility Financial Highlights:**

Dollars in Thousands

Donard III Tribudando		
	2024	2023
OPERATING		
Revenues	864	1,101
Expenses		
Operating Income (Loss)	88	173
NONOPERATING		
Revenues (Expenses)	<u>50</u>	<u>(10)</u>
Change in Net Position	138	163
ASSETS		
Current	1,849	1,763
Capital		
Noncurrent		
Total Assets	2,412	2,299
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	<u>37</u>	<u>18</u>
Total Assets & Deferred Outflows	2,449	2,317
LIABILITIES		
Current	51 .	39
Long-term	<u>94</u>	<u>78</u>
Total Liabilities	145	177
DEFERRED INFLOWS	4	39
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	563	536
Unrestricted		
Total Net Position	<u>2,30</u> 0	<u>2,1</u> 62
Total Liab., Def. Inflows & Net Pos.		

### **Financial Position:**

(As reported on the Statement of Net Position)

Capital assets, in the form of utility plant, facilities and equipment, account for 23% of CRMU's total assets and deferred outflows, while current assets comprise 76% of the total assets and deferred outflows. Cash and cash equivalents account for 70% of total assets and deferred outflows. Of the cash on hand, most is designated for specific uses and future improvements.

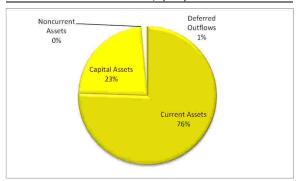
CRMU's current liabilities are comprised of payables totaling \$50,829 (2% of total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position).

CRMU's natural gas "Net Pension Liability" accounts for 4% of total liabilities and net position (an increase from 3% last year). This equates to almost \$95,000 which CRMU will likely never be required to pay (see Note 9 of the audit report).

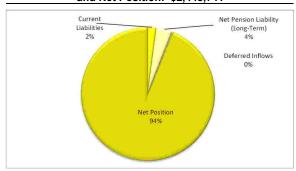
CRMU's natural gas utility does not have any outstanding debt. No current capital improvement projects are planned at this time.

Overall, the utility is in sound financial position.

### Natural Gas Utility Total Assets and Deferred Outflows: \$2,448,741



## Natural Gas Utility Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position: \$2,448,741



### Water Utility Overview:

certified operator.

Protecting and preserving the water quality for Coon Rapids is a primary concern of CRMU. CRMU has been fortunate through the years with an abundant water supply of good quality drinking water. CRMU is also fortunate to have three certified operators on staff, while some communities struggle to keep one. CRMU also has one employee in training to become a

CRMU's water utility has struggled to break even in years past. Our water infrastructure is aging and requires numerous repairs each year. The level of reserves needed is continuously monitored, with the goal of ensuring future capital improvement needs can be met, while maintaining reasonable rates.

### Economic Factors & Budget Analysis

Over the years, the water utility has experienced increased state and federal regulations – specifically associated with testing and monitoring of the water quality. With this comes increased chemical, testing, and treatment costs.

Additionally, as previously mentioned, the water utility is comprised of aging infrastructure – both for plant and distribution facilities. Further, customer usage can vary greatly based on weather and rainfall received. This makes it challenging to project customer usage year to year. Coupled with the break-even rate structure, the utility frequently loses money each year. Unlike other utilities, water does not have a realistic level of reserves to cover future repairs and capital expenditures.

A rate adjustment was implemented in July, 2023. No further adjustments are currently planned but will likely need to be evaluated for fiscal year 2026.

Fiscal year 2024 budgeted revenues and expenses totaled \$353,796 and \$352,540, respectively. CRMU ended the year with actual revenues of \$369,268 and expenses of \$363,529.

Looking to the future, CRMU projects revenues of \$365,446 and expenses totaling \$364,517.

### **Results of Operations:**

(As reported in the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position)

Operating revenues increased almost 10% (\$31,200) compared to 2023. Customer usage decreased 5.7% compared to last year. Thus, the rate increase implemented in July, 2023 was solely responsible for the increased revenue.

Nonoperating interest income increased more than \$4,400 compared to last year.

Operating expenses increased about \$39,000 (12%). Specifically, customer service operations and depreciation costs decreased. Plant operations, transmission operations, and administration / general costs increased.

Nonoperating revenue (income) totaled \$7,500 in fiscal year 2024, compared to a \$5,800 loss in fiscal year 2024 (a positive swing of \$13,300).

Contributions through payment-in-lieu-of tax and donations to the community totaled \$6,400 in fiscal year 2024, which is more than last year's contribution of \$4,300.

### Water Utility Financial Highlights:

Dollars in Thousands		
	2024	2023
OPERATING		
Revenues	355	324
Expenses	<u>357</u>	<u>318</u>
Operating Income (Loss)	(2)	6
NONOPERATING		
Revenues (Expenses)	<u>8</u>	<u>(6)</u>
Change in Net Position	6	0
ASSETS		
Current	297	254
Capital		
Total Assets		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	32	<u>7</u>
Total Assets & Deferred Outflows	602	554
LIABILITIES		
Current	53 .	34
Long-term	<u>83</u>	<u>71</u>
Total Liabilities	136	105
DEFERRED INFLOWS	3	(8)
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	273	293
Unrestricted		
Total Net Position		
Total Liab., Def. Inflows & Net Pos	602	554

#### **Financial Position:**

(As reported on the Statement of Net Position)

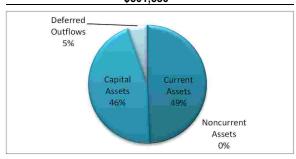
Current assets account for 49% of total assets and deferred outflows. CRMU has approximately 37% of its total assets and deferred outflows in the form of cash and cash equivalents. Of this amount, the Board of Trustees has designated uses for all of it.

The water utility has no noncurrent assets (loan receivables).

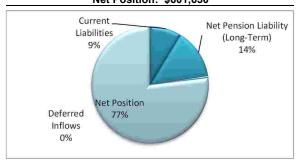
Capital assets, in the form of utility plant, facilities and equipment, account for 46% of CRMU's total assets and deferred outflows.

Total liabilities increased almost \$30,500 (29%) because of an increase to account payables and net pension liabilities. CRMU's water "Net Pension Liability" accounts for almost 14% of the total liabilities and net position (compared to last year's 13%). The Net Pension Liability totals \$83,167, which CRMU will likely never be required to pay (see Note 9 of the audit report).

## Water Utility Total Assets and Deferred Outflows: \$601,650



Water Utility Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position: \$601,650



Wastewater Utility

Overview:

CRMU began a comprehensive improvement plan in 2021. Manhole rehabilitation was the first priority, followed by slip-lining many of our wastewater mains. This was done to ensure long-term structural integrity and to potentially resolve inflow and infiltration issues. As of 6/30/24, about 95% of the project was complete. As a result of the extended project timeline, CRMU capitalized the majority of the project in fiscal year 2024. The project will be fully capitalized in fiscal year 2025.

CRMU continues to implement the scheduled rate changes, as recommended by Public Financial Management (PFM). To date, the utility remains in a relatively strong financial position; however, we continue to monitor it closely as expenses have increased over the years.

### Economic Factors & Budget Analysis

The wastewater utility bills residential customers based on water used, excluding April through October. During this period, CRMU bills the lesser of actual usage for the month or the

average water usage between November through March (called the "Summer Sewer Maximum"). This makes the utility less dependent on weather, as it relates to customer usage. This variable factor does impact all other customers (general service, public authority, etc.).

No rate adjustment was implemented in July, 2023. The next adjustment will be in July, 2024. No change is planned for July, 2025. The final adjustment planned as part of our wastewater capital improvement plan is scheduled for July, 2026.

The wastewater utility currently has outstanding debt totaling \$1,503,062 through the State of lowa SRF program at a 2% interest rate.

Fiscal year 2024 budgeted revenues and expenses totaled \$298,540 and \$322,757, respectively. CRMU ended the year with actual revenues of \$322,915 and expenses of \$287,099.

Looking to the future, CRMU projects revenues of \$307,815 and expenses totaling \$286,418.

### **Results of Operations:**

(As reported in the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position)

In 2024, the wastewater utility recorded \$277,720 in operating revenues. This is slightly lower by less than 1% (\$1,800) compared to 2023.

Total operating expenses in 2024 increased \$41,608 (about 20%) compared to 2023. All expense categories either decreased or stayed relatively steady, with the exception of depreciation, which increased \$54,346. Again, this is because we began depreciating the wastewater capital improvement project in July, 2023.

CRMU's wastewater utility experienced an operating gain of \$22,536 in 2024, compared to an operating gain of \$65,961 last year.

Nonoperating revenues and expenses this year totaled a gain of \$13,280, compared to last year's gain of \$178,835, with the difference being from CDBG grant revenue.

The wastewater utility's beginning net position was \$1,976,416, the change in net position was a gain of \$35,816, resulting in an ending net position of \$2,012,232.

### **Wastewater Utility Financial Highlights:**

Dollars in Thousands

	2024	2023
OPERATING		
Revenues	278	280
Expenses		
Operating Income (Loss)	23	66
NONOPERATING		
Revenues (Expenses)	<u>13</u>	<u>179</u>
Change in Net Position	36	245
ASSETS		
Current	525	511
Capital	3,134	3,223
Total Assets	3,659	3,734
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	<u>18</u>	<u>6</u>
Total Assets & Deferred Outflows	3,677	3,740
LIABILITIES		
Current	203 .	205
Long-term	<u>1,460</u>	<u>1,551</u>
Total Liabilities		
DEFERRED INFLOWS	2	7
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,532	1,538
Unrestricted		
Total Net Position	<u>2,012</u>	<u>1,</u> 977
Total Liab., Def. Inflows & Net Pos	3,677	3,740

### **Financial Position:**

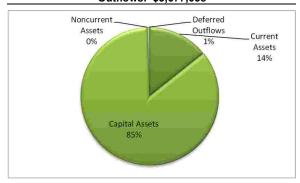
(As reported on the Statement of Net Position)

Capital assets, in the form of utility plant, facilities and equipment, account for 85% of CRMU's total assets and deferred outflows, while current assets account for 14%.

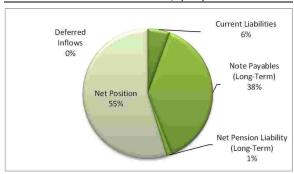
The wastewater utility has 13% of its total assets and deferred outflows in the form of cash, cash equivalents, and certificates of deposit. A portion of this will be used for ongoing improvements.

Total liabilities account for 45% of the total liabilities, deferred inflows, and net position. Of that, \$1.5MM is recorded as a current and noncurrent note payable for the SRF debt incurred with the wastewater project. Another \$47,000 is net pension liability, which CRMU will like never be required to pay (see Note 9 of the audit report).

### Wastewater Utility Total Assets and Deferred Outflows: \$3,677,058



## Wastewater Utility Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position: \$3,677,058



# COON RAPIDS MUNICIPAL UTILITIES A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF COON RAPIDS STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

	E14	ectric Utility	Gas Utility	Water Utility
Assets	1210		Sub Culley	acci o antog
Current Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents				
Unrestricted	\$	6,150,280	1,719,189	220,709
Restricted		1,130,037	-	-
Accounts Receivable, Net of Allowance -				
Trade		325,709	34,985	45,603
Other		128,272	4,217	7,047
Revolving Loans Receivable - Current Portion		57,183	-	-
Inventories		723,647	77,691	13,158
Other Current and Prepaid Assets		70,818	13,413	10,169
Total Current Assets		8,585,946	1,849,495	296,686
Capital Assets:				
Land		56,312	30,478	32,349
Construction in Progress		145,486	42,952	· -
Utility Plant, Facilities and Equipment, at Cost		20,272,211	1,723,917	1,393,918
Accumulated Depreciation		(9,344,631)	(1,234,666)	(1,153,428)
Total Capital Assets		11,129,378	562,681	272,839
Noncurrent Assets:				
NIMECA Patronage Dividend Receivable		24,612	-	-
Revolving Loans Receivable - Net of Current Portion		239,394	-	-
Total Noncurrent Assets		264,006	-	-
Total Assets		19,979,330	2,412,176	569,525
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>				
Pension Related Deferred Outflows		80,580	36,565	32,125

Communications Utility	Wastewater Utility	Total
	·· ubto ·· utor · c trirty	1000
2 002 460	495 209	10 669 955
2,093,469	485,208	10,668,855
-	-	1,130,037
21,700	33,806	461,803
6,350	464	146,350
- -	-	57,183
17,511	613	832,620
13,978	4,987	113,365
2,153,008	525,078	13,410,213
-	5,980	125,119
-	19,261	207,699
400,221	4,699,398	28,489,665
(359,182)	(1,590,970)	(13,682,877)
41,039	3,133,669	15,139,606
_	_	24,612
<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>	239,394
		264,006
2,194,047	3,658,747	28,813,825
4.000	10.04	100 5
12,983	18,311	180,564

# COON RAPIDS MUNICIPAL UTILITIES A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF COON RAPIDS STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION - continued JUNE 30, 2024

	Electric Utility	Gas Utility	Water Utility
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable - Trade	619,861	35,044	27,040
Other Payables and Credits	18,800	-	9,786
Payroll, Sales and Use Taxes Payable	-	-	1,672
Compensated Absences Payable	32,500	15,785	13,849
Customer Deposits	131,519	-	-
Notes Payable - Current Portion	160,000	-	-
Accrued Interest	2,280	-	-
Total Current Liabilities	964,960	50,829	52,347
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Notes Payable	1,255,000	-	-
Net Pension Liability	208,610	94,661	83,167
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	1,463,610	94,661	83,167
Total Liabilities	2,428,570	145,490	135,514
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>			
Pension Related Deferred Inflows	8,092	3,672	3,226
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	9,714,378	562,681	272,839
Restricted	998,518	- -	- -
Unrestricted	6,910,352	1,736,898	190,071
Total net position	\$ 17,623,248	2,299,579	462,910

See notes to financial statements.

Communications	XX	T . 1
Utility	Wastewater Utility	Total
63,439	103,598	848,982
-	-	28,586
-	-	1,672
5,592	6,731	74,457
-	-	131,519
-	90,000	250,000
-	2,192	4,472
69,031	202,521	1,339,688
-	1,413,062	2,668,062
33,612	47,404	467,454
33,612	1,460,466	3,135,516
102,643	1,662,987	4,475,204
1,304	1,839	18,133
1,00.	1,000	10,100
41,039	1,531,935	12,122,872
-	-	998,518
2,062,044	480,297	11,379,662
2,103,083	2,012,232	24,501,052

# COON RAPIDS MUNICIPAL UTILITIES A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF COON RAPIDS STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	El	ectric Utility	Gas Utility	Water Utility
Operating Revenues:				<u> </u>
Sales to Customers	\$	7,166,055	853,373	338,707
Sales for Resale		1,332,215	, <u>-</u>	-
Interdepartmental Sales		48,373	8,156	5,880
Forfeited Discounts		10,985	2,515	1,221
Rebates and Other		47,132	158	9,435
Total operating revenues		8,604,760	864,202	355,243
Operating expenses:				
Purchase Energy and Programming		3,625,090	399,517	-
Plant Operations		524,592	10,148	72,834
Transmission Operations		1,508,758	· -	<del>-</del>
Distribution Operations		262,415	137,225	92,676
Consumer Service Operations		107,181	64,056	44,507
Administrative & General Expenses		454,771	114,342	118,870
Depreciation		583,233	50,773	28,163
Total operating expenses		7,066,040	776,061	357,050
Income from operations		1,538,720	88,141	(1,807)
Nonoperating income (expense):				
Interest Income		353,013	81,224	10,100
Joint Use Payments		100,000	· -	- -
In-Lieu-Of Tax Payments		(76,815)	(21,826)	(4,494)
Free Community Service		(24,437)	(18,037)	(1,945)
Gain (Loss) on Sale or Disposal of Assets		484	3,949	(40)
Grant Revenue		-	_	<del>-</del>
Miscellaneous Nonoperating Revenue		15,645	4,343	3,925
Interest Expense		(31,150)	-	-
Net nonoperating income (expense)		336,740	49,653	7,546
Change in net position		1,875,460	137,794	5,739
Net position, beginning		15,747,788	2,161,785	457,171
Net position, ending	\$	17,623,248	2,299,579	462,910

Communication Utility	Wastewater Utility	Total
•	•	
890,233	274,764	\$ 9,523,132
- -	-	1,332,215
-	909	63,318
6,073	996	21,790
(3,264)	1,051	54,512
893,042	277,720	10,994,967
427,883	-	4,452,490
15,196	6,877	629,647
-	-	1,508,758
33,449	47,441	573,206
30,601	32,384	278,729
139,765	59,965	887,713
20,039	108,517	790,725
666,933	255,184	9,121,268
226,109	22,536	1,873,699
100,577	25,594	570,508
(100,000)	-	-
-	(267)	(103,402)
(520)	(79)	(45,018)
- -	-	4,393
-	19,521	19,521
110	80	24,103
-	(31,569)	(62,719)
167	13,280	407,386
226,276	35,816	2,281,085
1,876,807	1,976,416	22,219,967
2,103,083	2,012,232	\$ 24,501,052

# COON RAPIDS MUNICIPAL UTILITIES A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF COON RAPIDS STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Electric Utility	Gas Utility	Water Utility
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:			
Cash Received from Customers & Users	\$ 8,459,083	905,832	357,685
Cash Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(5,617,698)	(504,734)	(124,813)
Cash Paid to Employees	(533,912)	(250,259)	(184,209)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	2,307,473	150,839	48,663
Cash Flows from Capital & Related Financing Activities:			
Acquisition & Construction of Capital Assets	(806,638)	(83,914)	(7,998)
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	1,000	10,500	-
Cash (Paid)/Received from Joint Use	100,000	-	-
Proceeds from Note Payable	-	-	-
Revenue Bond Principal Repayment	(155,000)	-	-
Interest Paid	(31,399)	-	-
Cash Received from Grant Revenue	-	-	-
Net Cash (Used) by Capital & Related			
Financing Activities	(892,037)	(73,414)	(7,998)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:			
Payments for Free Community Service	(24,437)	(18,037)	(1,945)
Payments In-Lieu-of Tax Payment	(76,815)	(21,826)	(4,494)
Net Cash (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities	(101,252)	(39,863)	(6,439)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:			
Interest on Investments	353,013	81,224	10,100
Payments Received on Revolving Loans	62,596	-	-
Payments Received on CRDG	-	10,232	-
Cash (Paid)/Received from Other Investing Activities	15,645	4,343	3,925
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	431,254	95,799	14,025
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,745,438	133,361	48,251
Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2023	5,534,879	1,585,828	172,458
Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2024	\$ 7,280,317	1,719,189	220,709

Communications	Wastewater	
Utility	Utility	Total
		_
892,359	282,734	10,897,693
(535,624)	(53,589)	(6,836,458)
(50,547)	(120,275)	(1,139,202)
306,188	108,870	2,922,033
-	(19,467)	(918,017)
-	-	11,500
(100,000)	-	-
-	1,912	1,912
-	(85,000)	(240,000)
-	(31,730)	(63,129)
	35,417	35,417
(100,000)	(98,868)	(1,172,317)
(520)	(79)	(45,018)
-	(267)	(103,402)
(520)	(346)	(148,420)
(==)	(5.13)	(= ==, ===)
100,577	25,594	570,508
-	-	62,596
6,471	-	16,703
109	80	24,102
107,157	25,674	649,807
312,825	35,330	2,275,205
1,780,642	449,878	9,523,685
2,093,467	485,208	11,798,890

# COON RAPIDS MUNICIPAL UTILITIES A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF COON RAPIDS STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Electric Utility	Gas Utility	Water Utility
Reconciliation:		<u> </u>	
Cash and Cash Equivalents			
Unrestricted	6,150,280	1,719,189	220,709
Restricted	1,130,037	-	-
	\$ 7,280,317	1,719,189	220,709
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net			
cash flows provided by operating activities:			
Income (loss) from operations	1,538,720	88,141	(1,807)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to			
net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation	583,233	50,773	28,163
(Increase)/decrease in the following:			
Accounts Receivable	(137,288)	41,630	2,442
Inventories	(192,376)	(5,544)	2,805
Other Current & Prepaid Assets	1,948	947	315
Deferred Patronage Dividend	(8,728)	-	-
Deferred Outflows	(27,397)	(18,740)	(24,858)
Accounts Payable	534,920	12,753	18,468
Customer Deposits	339	-	-
Compensated Absences Payables	(1,741)	(893)	(34)
Net Pension Liability	35,447	17,044	12,051
Deferred Inflows	(19,604)	(35,272)	11,118
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 2,307,473	150,839	48,663

Communications Utility	Wastewater Utility	Total
2,093,469	485,208	10,668,855
		1,130,037
2,093,469	485,208	11,798,892
226,109	22,536	1,873,699
20,039	108,517	790,725
(683)	5,014	(88,885)
10,167	25	(184,923)
3,852	120	7,182
-	-	(8,728)
24,464	(12,385)	(58,916)
24,384	(3,607)	586,918
-	-	339
(1,358)	(3,473)	(7,499)
2,554	(2,697)	64,399
(3,340)	(5,180)	(52,278)
306,188	108,870	2,922,033

**JUNE 30, 2024** 

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Coon Rapids Municipal Utilities (CRMU) is engaged in the activities providing electric, natural gas, water, wastewater and communications utilities services. CRMU operates independent of the City of Coon Rapids and is governed by a five-member Board of Trustees, appointed by the Mayor with the approval of the City Council. The Communications Utility was formed to engage in the development and operation of a broadband communications system and the marketing of related services such as cable, television, telephone, high-speed data communications and other communication products. CRMU's rates are set by its governing board.

The Utility's financial statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles applicable to propriety funds of governmental entities as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

### **Reporting Entity**

For financial reporting purposes, CRMU has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. CRMU has also considered all other potential component units for which it is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with CRMU are such that exclusion would cause CRMU's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of CRMU to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on CRMU. CRMU has no component units which meet the Governmental Accounting Standards Board criteria.

The Utility is not presented as a component unit of the City of Coon Rapid's financial statements. The Utility is a legally separate entity from the City, but it is financially accountable to the City.

### **Basis of Presentation**

The accounts of CRMU are organized on the basis of proprietary enterprise funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity and each reported in a separate column in the financial statements. The operations of each fund are accounted by providing a separate set self-balancing account, which comprise of its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position, revenues, and expenses, and debt service of the designated activity. CRMU reports the following major enterprise funds:

- ➤ Electric Utility
- Natural Gas Utility
- Water Utility
- Communications Utility
- ➤ Wastewater Utility

### **JUNE 30, 2024**

### **Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting**

Measurement focus refers to what is measured and basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

CRMU's Proprietary Fund financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. As such, the fund measurement objective is determination of operating income, changes in net positions, financial position, and cash flows. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when the related obligation is incurred. The applicable generally accepted accounting principles are those similar to business in the private sector.

CRMU distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of CRMU are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses include cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is CRMU's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

### **Shared Utility Plants**

Common Transmission System – North Iowa Municipal Electric Cooperative Association (NIMECA), acting as agent for its participating members, including CRMU, has entered into an agreement with Corn Belt Power Cooperative to obtain for the benefit of its participating members a long-term right and access to electric transmission facilities, referred to as Common Transmission System (CTS) necessary to handle the combined needs of the participating members through undivided ownership interest in the capacity of transmission facilities. The costs associated with this agreement are allocated to the members based on their proportionate use of the shared transmission system. CRMU has record its share of these costs as capital assets in the Electric Utility Fund. The net book value at June 30, 2024 was \$1,397,557.

Neal 4 Generating Station – CRMU is one of fourteen owners of Unit 4 George Neal Generating Station which is managed by MidAmerican Energy under terms of the basic generating agreements between MidAmerican Energy and the owners. CRMU owns 0.521 percent as a tenant-in-common of the generating station for generating, purchasing, obtaining by exchange, or other acquiring or transmitting electric power and energy. CRMU's cost of acquiring its share of this generating station was recorded as capital assets in the Electric Utility Fund. The net book value at June 30, 2024, was \$1,554,840.

The operators of both the Transmission System and Neal 4 shared utility plants have established accounts to which CRMU is required to pay its pro rata share, net of revenues earned, of operating

### **JUNE 30, 2024**

and maintenance costs. Any disbursements from these accounts for operating and maintenance costs are reflected in the financial statements of CRMU. Separate financial statements for these shared utility plants are available in the offices of CRMU.

### **Budgetary Information**

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the Board of Trustees annually adopts a budget following required public notice and hearing for all funds. The annual budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures. During the year ended June 30, 2024, disbursements did not exceed the amounts budgeted.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported on the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position

The following accounting policies are followed in preparing the financial statements:

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u> – The various funds of CRMU combine their cash and invested cash (nonnegotiable certificates of deposits) funds into several shared bank accounts at one financial institution. Interest earned on invested cash is divided among the funds.

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, invested cash and all short-term investments that are highly liquid (including restricted assets) are considered to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are readily convertible to known amounts of cash, and at the day of purchase, have a maturity date no longer than three months. Investments consist of certificates of deposits, which are recorded at amortized costs.

Accounts Receivable and Allowance for Doubtful Accounts – Accounts receivable are stated at the amount CRMU expects to collect from outstanding balances. CRMU provides for probable uncollectible amounts through a charge to earnings and a credit to valuation allowance based on an assessment of the current status of individual accounts. Balances that are still outstanding after CRMU has used reasonable collection efforts are written off through a charge to the valuation allowance and a credit to accounts receivable. As of June 30, 2024, the allowance for uncollectible accounts was \$29,170.

<u>Inventories</u> – Materials, supplies and other consumables are recorded as expenses when consumed rather than when purchased. Material, supplies, and fuel inventories are stated at cost, which does not exceed market. Cost is generally determined on a weighted-average basis. Electric Utility inventories include fuel for the local plant and its joint ownership share of the coal pile at the Neal 4 Generating Station. Gas Utility inventories include stored natural gas held for sale.

### **JUNE 30, 2024**

The inventories at June 30, 2024, are comprised as follows:

All Material and Supplies	\$ 497,942
Electric Fund Fuel Inventories	239,950
Gas Fund Natural Gas Inventory	30,923
SO2 Allowances	56,790
REC Inventory	7,002
NO(X) Allowances	 13
Total	\$ 832,620

<u>Capital Assets</u> – Capital assets, which include utility plants, infrastructures, facilities and equipment, are valued at historical cost. The cost of system renewals and betterments includes engineering, interest and other related costs. Preliminary and construction costs of projects not yet in service, if any, are shown in the financial statements as construction in progress. Maintenance and repairs which do not add to the capacity or efficiency of the asset are charged to operating expense.

Capital assets are depreciated over the assets estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. No depreciation is taken on construction in progress.

The estimated useful lives used to depreciate assets by class are as follows:

Infrastructure	20-40 years
Building and improvements	20 years
Equipment and Vehicles	5-10 years

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> – Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then. Pension related deferred outflows of resources consist of unrecognized items not yet charged to pension expense and contributions from the employer after the measurement date but before the end of the employer's reporting period. OPEB related deferred outflows of resources consist of changes of assumptions that have not been recognized in the OPEB expense.

<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> – Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Pension related deferred inflows of resources in the Statements of Net Position consist of the unamortized portion of the net difference between projected and actual earnings and on pension plan investments. OPEB related deferred inflows of resources consist of the differences between expected and actual experience that have not been recognized.

<u>Pensions</u> – For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the net position of the Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System (IPERS) and additions to/deductions from IPERS' net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by IPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized

### **JUNE 30, 2024**

when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### **Revenue Recognition**

For electric, water, gas and wastewater services, meters are read, and bills are rendered on a cycle basis near the end of each month. Revenues based on meter readings are recorded close to the end of each month and, as such, the revenues earned from utilities delivered after meters are read to the end of the month are minimal and not estimated or recorded. For communication services, CRMU recognizes sales and service charge revenue in the period in which the service is provided.

### **Expense Allocations**

Expenses, except for those expenses determined to be for a specific fund or funds, are allocated to all funds based on a one-year rolling average of each fund's personnel hours. The rolling average is updated each pay period

#### **Net Position**

Net position is reported in the following categories:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets This category consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances for bonds, notes, and other borrowings attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and increased by unspent debt when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by credits, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.
- Restricted This category results when constraints are placed on net position by external groups such as creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments or law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- *Unrestricted* This category consists of all other net position not meeting the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

CRMU's policy is to first apply restricted resources when expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Amounts shown as restricted net position and the purpose of the restriction are as follows:

- Restricted for Revenue Bonds \$803,140
- Restricted for Revolving Fund \$195,378

#### NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

CRMU considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Cash Equivalents are readily convertible to known amounts of cash.

CRMU pool their deposits and investments and maintain records as to the separate utility systems share of the total balance. All deposits in banks at June 30, 2024 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa.

### **JUNE 30, 2024**

This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to insure there will be no loss of public funds.

CRMU is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit or savings account at federally insured depository institutions approved by the Board of Trustees and the Treasurer of the State of Iowa; prime eligible bankers' acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management invested companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvements certificates of drainage districts.

<u>Interest rate risk</u> – The Utility's investment policy limits the investment of operating funds (funds expected to be expended in the current budget year or within 15 months of receipt) in instruments that mature within 397 days. Funds not identified as operating funds may be invested in investments with maturities longer than 397 days, but the maturities shall be consistent with the needs and use of the Utilities.

Monies held for special purposes are limited to the use for which restricted and cannot be used for the general operation of the utility. The funds held for Economic Development Loans are required by covenants of the Grant Agreement with the Federal Government. The purpose of this grant is to establish a Revolving Loan Fund to provide loans that foster rural economic development.

The Utility had no investments meeting the disclosure requirement of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 72.

### NOTE 3 – REVOLVING LOAN RECEIVABLE

The Utility implemented a revolving loan program that began with funding of \$300,000 from a USDA Rural Development Grant and a \$60,000 local match. This program has made several loans to local organizations in furthering economic development in the Coon Rapids area. The ending balance of these loans was \$296,577 at June 30, 2024, with interest rates ranging from 2-4.75%. Annual principal and interest requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending				
June 30,	Princ	cipal	Interest	
2025	\$	57,183	11,408	
2026		51,032	9,185	
2027		43,353	6,859	
2028		38,725	5,210	
2029		34,697	3,799	
Thereafter		71,587	4,707	
	\$	296,577	41,168	

### **JUNE 30, 2024**

### **NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital assets categories and changes in each cost category and depreciation for the year ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

Total Utility	Beginning	T	Б	Ending
<del></del>	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 125,119	-	-	\$ 125,119
Construction in progress	2,360,685	210,124	2,363,110	207,699
Total capital assets not being depreciated	2,485,804	210,124	2,363,110	332,818
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Neal 4 Steam Production	3,782,064	103,317	1,811	3,883,570
Local Production Facilities	2,091,212	-	-	2,091,212
Transmission System	2,061,524	580,224	15,445	2,626,303
Distribution System	13,884,689	2,339,540	616,351	15,607,878
Municipal Building	1,333,644	7,775	-	1,341,419
General Facilities Equipment	2,945,764	40,145	46,626	2,939,283
Total capital assets being depreciated	26,098,897	3,071,001	680,233	28,489,665
Less accumulated depreciation:	13,565,277	790,729	673,129	13,682,877
Net capital assets being depreciated	12,533,620			14,806,788
Total capital assets - net	\$15,019,424			\$15,139,606

Capital asset categories and changes in each category and depreciation for the year ended June 30, 2024 for each major fund are as follows:

Electric	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 56,312	-	-	\$ 56,312
Construction in progress	96,758	147,705	98,977	145,486
Total capital assets not being depreciated	153,070	147,398	98,977	201,798
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Neal 4 Steam Production	3,782,064	103,317	1,811	3,883,570
Transmission System	1,951,173	580,224	15,445	2,515,952
Distribution System	11,299,350	56,564	5,404	11,350,510
Municipal Building	627,500	3,887	-	631,387
General Facilities Equipment	1,888,880	13,918	12,006	1,890,792
Total capital assets being depreciated	19,548,967	757,910	34,666	20,272,211
Less accumulated depreciation:	8,795,547	583,233	34,149	9,344,631
Net capital assets being depreciated	10,753,420			10,927,580
Electric utility, net capital assets	\$10,906,490			\$11,129,378

### **JUNE 30, 2024**

Gas	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:	<b>. .</b>			<b>.</b>
Land	\$ 30,478	-	-	\$ 30,478
Construction in progress	-	42,952	-	42,952
Total capital assets not being depreciated	30,478	42,952	-	73,430
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Local Productions Facilities	153,490	-	-	153,490
Distribution System	502,428	10,845	4,991	508,282
Municipal Building	706,144	3,887	-	710,031
General Facilities Equipment	358,232	26,227	32,345	352,114
Total capital assets being depreciated	1,720,294	40,959	37,336	1,723,917
Less accumulated depreciation:	1,214,677	50,773	30,784	1,234,666
Net capital assets being depreciated	505,617			489,251
Gas utility, net capital assets	\$ 536,095			\$ 562,681
Water	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:				_
Land	\$ 32,349	-	-	\$ 32,349
Total capital assets not being depreciated	32,349	-	-	32,349
Capital assets being depreciated:	240.740			240.740
Local Production Facilities	318,560	-	-	318,560
Transmission System	110,351	7.000	2 102	110,351
Distribution System	794,731	7,998	3,182	799,547
General Facilities Equipment	166,206	7,998	746	165,460
Total capital assets being depreciated	1,389,848	7,998	3,928	1,393,918
Less accumulated depreciation:	1,129,154	28,163	3,889	1,153,428
Net capital assets being depreciated	260,694			240,490
Communications utility, net capital assets	\$ 293,043			\$ 272,839
Communications	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Local Production Facilities	\$ 317,667	-	-	\$ 317,667
General Facilities Equipment	83,337	=	783	82,554
Total capital assets being depreciated	401,004	-	783	400,221

### **JUNE 30, 2024**

Less accumulated depreciation:	339,926	20,039	783	359,182
Communications Utility, net capital assets	\$ 61,078			\$ 41,039
Wastewater	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:	Dalance	Ilicicases	Decreases	Datatice
Land	\$ 5,980	-	-	\$ 5,980
Construction in progress	2,263,927	19,467	2,264,133	19,261
Total capital assets not being depreciated	2,269,907	19,467	2,264,133	25,241
Capital assets being depreciated:  Local Production Facilities	1 201 405			1 201 405
	1,301,495	2 264 122	(02.772	1,301,495
Distribution System General Facilities Equipment	1,288,180 449,109	2,264,133	602,773 746	2,949,540 448,363
Total capital assets being depreciated	3,038,784	2,264,133	603,519	4,699,398
Less accumulated depreciation:	2,085,973	108,517	603,520	1,590,970
Net capital assets being depreciated	952,811			3,108,428
Communications utility, net capital assets	\$ 3,222,718			\$ 3,133,669

### **Reconciliation of Net Investment in Capital Assets:**

	Electric	Gas	Water	Communications	Wastewater	Total
Capital Assets (Net of A/D) Less:	11,129,378	562,681	272,839	41,039	3,133,669	15,139,606
Bonds Payable Retainage	1,415,000	-	-	-	1,503,062 98,672	2,918,062 98,672
Payable					, 0,0,72	, 0,0,2
_	9,714,378	562,681	272,839	41,039	1,531,935	12,122,872

### **NOTE 5 – LONG TERM LIABILITIES**

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2024 are summarized as follows:

LT Liabilities	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Notes Payable	\$ 3,156,150	1,912	240,000	\$ 2,918,062	250,000
Net Pension Liability	403,055	64,399	-	467,454	-
Total	\$ 3,559,205	66,311	240,000	\$ 3,385,516	250,000

### **JUNE 30, 2024**

### **Notes Payable**

Notes Payable activity for the year ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Dι	ie Within
	Balance Additions Red		Reductions	Balance	One Year	
Electric Utility:						_
Iowa Savings Bank	\$ 1,570,000	-	155,000	1,415,000	\$	160,000
Wastewater Utility:						
State Revolving Fund Loan	1,586,150	1,912	85,000	1,503,062		90,000
Total	\$ 3,156,150	1,912	240,000	2,918,062	\$	250,000

Electric Utility - The Utility pledged future electric customer receipts net of specific operating disbursements to repay \$2,400,000 of revenue bonds issued in January 2017 and refinanced in 2020. The note is payable solely from electric customer net receipts, bears interest at 2% and is payable through 2032. During the year ended June 30, 2024 the Utility paid principal of \$155,000 and interest of \$31,400. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the notes is \$1,547,300. For the current year, principal and interest paid and total customer net receipts were \$186,400 and \$1,538,720, respectively.

The Electric's Iowa Savings Bank note matures and bears interest as follows:

	Pr	rincipal	Inte	erest
	_		_	
2025	\$	160,000	\$	28,300
2026		160,000		25,100
2027	165,000			21,900
2028	175,000			18,600
2029		180,000		15,100
2030-2032		575,000		23,300
	\$ 1,415,000		\$	132,300

Wastewater Utility – The Utility pledged future sewer customer receipts net of specific operating disbursements to repay \$2,076,000 of revenue bonds issued in May 2021. The note is payable solely from sewer customer net receipts, bears interest at 2% and is payable through 2042. During the year ended June 30, 2024 the Utility paid principal of \$85,000 and interest of \$31,730. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the notes is \$1,838,187. For the current year, principal and interest paid and total customer net receipts were \$116,730 and \$22,536, respectively.

The Wastewater's SRF note matures and bears interest as follows:

_	Prin	cipal	Interest				
2025	\$	90,000	\$	33,425			
2026		90,000		31,850			
2027		95,000		30,275			
2028		95,000		28,613			

### **JUNE 30, 2024**

2029	95,000	26,950
2030-2034	510,000	108,850
2035-2039	528,062	62,300
	\$ 1,503,062	\$ 322,263

#### NOTE 6 – COMPENSATED ABSENCES

CRMU employees are entitled to certain compensated absences based on length of employment. Vacation hours are accumulated on a calendar year basis with a limited amount of carryover to subsequent years allowed. Earned but unused vacation hours will be paid upon termination, retirement or death. The liability for compensated absences is computed based on rates of pay in effect at June 30, 2024 and includes related employee benefits. Sick leave is not paid on termination, retirement or death; therefore, no accrual has been made for accumulated sick leave hours. The Utility's approximate liability for earned vacation payable to employees at June 30, 2024 is as follows:

	Electric Gas		Water		Comm		Wastewater		Total			
Vacation	\$	32,500	\$	15,785	\$	13,849	\$	5,592	\$	6,731	\$	74,457

### **NOTE 7 – JOINT USE AGREEMENT**

On April 19, 2002, the Board of Trustees adopted and approved an intra-fund resolution between the Electric Utility and Communications Utility titled "A Joint Use Agreement Under Iowa Code Chapter 28E".

The Electric Utility financed and installed a communications distribution system for the use and support of electric operations. This communications distribution system is the sole property of the Electric Utility. Through the joint use agreement, the Communications Utility is granted the right to use the three networks of the Electric Utility communications distribution system in varying percentages as specified in the agreement.

The term of the agreement is forty years, expiring June 30, 2041. For the term of the agreement, the Communications Utility will pay to the Electric Utility, the sum of \$100,000 on or before the last day of June each year. The arrangements and terms of the agreement were based upon applicable market value and economic conditions at that time, in sole reference to the joint use of the communications distribution system by the Electric Utility and Communications Utility. The Communications Utility is obligated to comply with all property tax filing requirements imposed under Iowa Code Chapter 433.

### **NOTE 8 – PAYMENT TO THE CITY**

CRMU made voluntary in-lieu-of-tax payments to the City in the amount of \$103,401 for the year ended June 30, 2024.

**JUNE 30, 2024** 

#### NOTE 9 – PENSION AND RETIREMENT BENEFITS

<u>Plan Description</u> – IPERS membership is mandatory for employees of CRMU. Employees of CRMU are provided with pensions through a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System (IPERS). IPERS issues a stand-alone financial report which is available to the public by mail at PO Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa 50306-9117 or at www.ipers.org.

IPERS benefits are established under Iowa Code Chapter 97B and the administrative rules thereunder. Chapter 97B and the administrative rules are the official plan documents. The following brief description is provided for general informational purposes only. Refer to the plan documents for more information.

<u>Pension Benefits</u> – A regular member may retire at normal retirement age and receive monthly benefits without an early-retirement reduction. Normal retirement age is age 65, any time after reaching age 62 with 20 or more years of covered employment or when the member's years of service plus the member's age at the last birthday equals or exceeds 88, whichever comes first. These qualifications must be met on the member's first month of entitlement to benefits. Members cannot begin receiving retirement benefits before age 55. The formula used to calculate a Regular member's monthly IPERS benefit includes:

- A multiplier based on years of service.
- The member's highest five-year average salary, except members with service before June 30, 2012 will use the highest three-year average salary as of that date if it is greater than the highest five-year average salary.

If a member retires before normal retirement age, the member's monthly retirement benefit will be permanently reduced by an early-retirement reduction. The early-retirement reduction is calculated differently for service earned before and after July 1, 2012. For service earned before July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.25% for each month the member receives benefits before the member's earliest normal retirement age. For service earned on or after July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.50% for each month the member receives benefits before age 65.

Generally, once a member selects a benefit option, a monthly benefit is calculated and remains the same for the rest of the member's lifetime. However, to combat the effects of inflation, retirees who began receiving benefits prior to July 1990 receive a guaranteed dividend with their regular November benefit payments.

<u>Disability</u> and <u>Death Benefits</u> – A vested member who is awarded federal Social Security disability or Railroad Retirement disability benefits is eligible to claim IPERS benefits regardless of age. Disability benefits are not reduced for early retirement. If a member dies before retirement, the member's beneficiary will receive a lifetime annuity or a lump-sum payment equal to the present actuarial value of the member's accrued benefit or calculated with a set formula, whichever is greater. When a member dies after retirement, death benefits depend on the benefit option the member selected at retirement.

### **JUNE 30, 2024**

<u>Contributions</u> — Contribution rates are established by IPERS following the annual actuarial valuation which applies IPERS' Contribution Rate Funding Policy and Actuarial Amortization Method. State statute limits the amount rates can increase or decrease each year to 1 percentage point. IPERS Contribution Rate Funding Policy requires the actuarial contribution rate be determined using the "entry age normal" actuarial cost method and the actuarial assumptions and methods approved by the IPERS Investment Board. The actuarial contribution rate covers normal cost plus the unfunded actuarial liability payment based on a 30-year amortization period. The payment to amortize the unfunded actuarial liability is determined as a level percentage of payroll based on the Actuarial Amortization Method adopted by the Investment Board.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, pursuant to the required rate, regular members contributed 6.29% of covered payroll and CRMU contributed 9.44% of covered payroll, for a total rate of 15.73%.

The Utilities' total contributions to IPERS for the year ended June 30, 2024 were \$90,982.

Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – At June 30, 2024, CRMU reported a liability of \$467,454 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. CRMU's proportion of the net pension liability was based on CRMU's share of contributions to IPERS relative to the contributions of all IPERS participating employers. At June 30, 2024, CRMU's proportion was 0.010356% percent, which was a decrease of 0.000312% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, CRMU recognized pension expense of \$43,936. CRMU reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Defer	red Outflows	Deferred Inflows	
	of	Resources	of Resources	
Differences between expected				
and actual experience	\$	39,547	1,921	
Changes of assumptions		=	7	
Net difference between projected				
and actual earnings on IPERS investments		43,292	-	
Changes in proportion and differences				
between Utility contributions and the				
Utility's proportionate share of contributions		6,995	16,205	
Utility contributions subsequent				
to the measurement date		90,730	-	
	\$	180,564	18,133	

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions of \$90,730 represents the amount CRMU contributed subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

### **JUNE 30, 2024**

Year ending		
June 30,	T	otal
2025	\$	(11,628)
2026		(39,989)
2027		102,905
2028		18,085
2029		2,328
	\$	71,701

There were no non-employer contributing entities to IPERS.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> – The total pension liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Rate of inflation	
(effective June 30, 2017)	2.60% per annum.
Rates of salary increase	3.25 to 16.25% average, including inflation.
(effective June 30, 2017)	Rates vary by membership group.
Long-term investment rate of return	7.00% compounded annually, net of investment
(effective June 30, 2017)	expense, including inflation.
Wage growth	3.25% per annum, based on 2.60% inflation
(effective June 30, 2017)	and 0.65% real wage inflation.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on the results of a quadrennial experience study covering the period of July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2021.

Mortality rates used in the 2023 valuation were based on the PubG-2010 mortality tables with future morality improvements modeled using Scale MP-2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on IPERS' investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Asset	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	21.0%	4.56 %
International equity	16.5	6.22
Global smart beta equity	5.0	5.22
Core plus fixed income	23.0	2.69
Public credit	3.0	4.38
Cash	1.0	1.59
Private equity	17.0	10.44
Private real assets	9.0	3.88
Private credit	4.5	4.60
	100.0%	

### **JUNE 30, 2024**

<u>Discount Rate</u> – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed employee contributions will be made at the contractually required rate and contributions from Utilities will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, IPERS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on IPERS' investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of CRMU's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents CRMU's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what CRMU's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1% lower (6.00%) or 1% higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

		1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease (6.00%)		Rate (7.00%)	Increase (8.00%)
Utility's proportionate share		,	(* * * )	(
of the net pension liability	\$	993,913	467,455	26,274

<u>IPERS' Fiduciary Net Position</u> – Detailed information about IPERS' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued IPERS financial report which is available on IPERS' website at www.ipers.org.

<u>Payables to IPERS</u> – At June 30, 2024, CRMU reported payables to IPERS of \$11,674 for legally required contributions from employee wages which had not yet been remitted to IPERS.

### NOTE 10 - EMPLOYEE HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN

CRMU has a group health insurance policy which provides comprehensive medical coverage for eligible employees and, if elected, their spouses and dependents. CRMU partially self-insures certain eligible medical costs that exceed the established amounts approved in CRMU's policy. The insurance policies provided by CRMU have deductibles and out of pocket maximums of \$4,000 and \$9,000 for single coverage and \$8,000 and \$18,000 for family coverage, respectively. Under the program, employees are only required to pay a maximum of \$1,000 for single coverage and \$2,000 for family coverage towards these provisions, with CRMU covering the remainder.

CRMU's contributions for the year ended June 30, 2024 was \$9,718. CRMU has estimated unpaid claims for the current year as follows:

Unpaid claims, beginning of year	\$ 5,573
Incurred claims	
(including claims incurred but not reported at June 30, 2023)	4,153
Payments on claims during the year	 (9,718)
Unpaid claims, end of year	\$ 8

**JUNE 30, 2024** 

#### NOTE 11 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

CRMU has a contract with the United States Department of Energy to provide CRMU firm electric power up to 2,395 kilowatts during any winter season month and up to 2,666 kilowatts during any summer season month.

This contract provides that the contract rate of delivery for firm power may be adjusted for the kilowatts to be provided during the subsequent winter and summer seasons.

CRMU entered into a contract with its major transporter of natural gas in August 1993 that requires a capacity demand payment of approximately \$100,000 annually. Unless a cancellation notice is received, the contract automatically renews each year.

CRMU entered into a contract July 27, 2006, with Utility Service Co., Inc., engaging them to provide the professional service needed to maintain CRMU's 250,000-gallon water storage tank. The annual fee is \$11,288. Beginning in 2015 and each third year thereafter, the annual fee will be adjusted to reflect the current cost of service, and may be adjusted up or down by a maximum of 5% annually. This contract may be cancelled by CRMU if notification is received 90 days prior to the anniversary date. Unless a cancellation notice is received, the contract automatically renews each year.

### **NOTE 12 – CONCENTRATIONS**

CRMU provides utility services to commercial and residential customers in a specified service area in and around City of Coon Rapids, Iowa. Credit is granted to substantially all customers, all of whom are local business or residents. All new customers of CRMU are required to pay a meter deposit. The deposit is refundable, within twelve months, if their account balances have been paid on time during that period.

#### **NOTE 13 – RISK MANAGEMENT**

CRMU is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks, except for loss of infrastructure, are covered by the purchase of commercial insurance. CRMU assumes liability for any deductibles and claims in excess of coverage limitations. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

### **NOTE 14 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

In preparing these financial statements, management has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through December 19, 2024 the date the financial statements were available to be issued.



### COON RAPIDS MUNICIPAL UTILITIES A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF COON RAPIDS

# BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION- BUDGET AND ACTUAL REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		Budget to		
	Budgeted	Amounts		Actual Variance
	Original	Amended	Actual	
Receipts:				
Municipal Electric Utility			9,073,902	
Municipal Gas Utility			953,718	
Municipal Water Utility			369,268	
Municipal Communications Utility			993,729	
Municipal Waste Water Utility			322,915	
	\$ 12,862,290	12,862,290	11,713,532	1,147,467
Expenditures:				
Municipal Electric Utility			7,198,442	
Municipal Gas Utility			815,924	
Municipal Water Utility			363,529	
Municipal Communications Utility			767,453	
Municipal Waste Water Utility			287,099	
	12,916,550	12,916,550	9,432,447	3,485,195
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	(54,260)	(54,260)	2,281,085	
NIAD .: War at Landing to a few	21 140 005	21 140 005	22 210 077	
Net Position at beginning of year	21,149,805	21,149,805	22,219,967	
Net Position at end of year	\$ 21,095,545	21,095,545	24,501,052	

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

### COON RAPIDS MUNICIPAL UTILITIES A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF COON RAPIDS

### NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – BUDGETARY REPORTING

### YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, Coon Rapids Municipal Utilities annually adopts a combined budget on the cash basis for the City of Coon Rapids, Iowa following required public notice and hearing. The annual budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures. Encumbrances are not recognized and appropriations lapse at year-end.

Formal and legal budgetary control is based upon nine major classes of expenditures, known as functions, not by fund. These functions are public safety, public works, health and social services, culture and recreation, community and economic development, general government, debt service, capital projects, and business type activities. All Utility expenditures are included in business type activities and are required to be budgeted.

Disbursements during the year ended June 30, 2024 did not exceed the amounts budgeted.

### COON RAPIDS MUNICIPAL UTILITIES A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF COON RAPIDS

### SCHEDULE OF THE UTILITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

### IOWA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

### FOR THE LAST TEN YEARS\* REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
Utility's proportion of the net net pension liability	0.010356%	0.010668%	-0.004151%	0.010611%	0.010607%
Utility's proportionate share of the of the net pension liability	467,455	403,055	14,329	745,367	614,219
Utility's covered payroll	906,949	856,833	829,583	842,078	807,237
Utility's proportionate share of the pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	51.54%	47.04%	1.73%	88.52%	76.09%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	90.13%	91.40%	100.81%	82.90%	85.45%

<sup>\*</sup> In accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, the amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 of the preceding fiscal year.

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
•	0.009665%	0.009533%	0.009402%	0.009390%	0.009371%
	611,642	634,999	591,681	463,916	371,638
	726,433	711,570	674,705	643,303	613,191
	84.20%	89.24%	87.69%	72.11%	60.61%
	83.62%	82.21%	81.82%	85.19%	87.61%

## COON RAPIDS MUNICIPAL UTILITIES A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF COON RAPIDS SCHEDULE OF UTILITY CONTRIBUTIONS

### FOR THE LAST TEN YEARS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

	 2024	 2023	 2022	 2021
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 90,982	\$ 85,616	\$ 80,885	\$ 78,313
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	 (90,982)	 (85,616)	(80,885)	(78,313)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 	\$ 	\$ <u>-</u>
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 963,788	\$ 906,949	\$ 856,833	\$ 829,583
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	9.44%	9.44%	9.44%	9.44%

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

 2020	 2019	 2018		2017	2019 2018 2017 2		2016 2015	
\$ 79,492	\$ 76,203	\$ 64,871	\$	63,543	\$	60,251	\$	57,447
(79,492)	(76,203)	(64,871)		(63,543)		(60,251)		(57,447)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$		\$	<u>-</u>
\$ 842,078	\$ 807,237	\$ 726,433	\$	711,570	\$	674,705	\$	643,303
9.44%	9.44%	8.93%		8.93%		8.93%		8.93%

# COON RAPIDS MUNICIPAL UTILITIES A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF COON RAPIDS NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PENSION LIABILITY

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

### Changes of Benefit Terms

There are no significant changes in benefit terms.

### **Changes of Assumptions**

The 2022 valuation incorporated the following refinements after a quadrennial experience study:

- Changed mortality assumptions to the PubG-2010 mortality tables with mortality improvements modeled using Scale MP-2021.
- Adjusted retirement rates for Regular members
- Lowered disability rates for Regular members.
- Adjusted termination rates for all membership groups.

The 2018 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a demographic assumption study dated June 28, 2018:

- Changed mortality assumptions to the RP-2014 mortality tables with mortality improvements modeled using Scale MP-2017.
- Adjusted retirement rates.
- Lowered disability rates.
- Adjusted the probability of a vested Regular member electing to receive a deferred benefit.
- Adjusted the merit component of the salary increase assumption.

The 2017 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of an experience study dated March 24, 2017:

- Decreased the inflation assumption from 3.00% to 2.60%
- Decreased the assumed rate of interest on member accounts from 3.75% to 3.50% per year.
- Decreased the discount rate from 7.50% to 7.00%.
- Decreased the wage growth assumption from 4.00% to 3.25%.
- Decreased the payroll growth assumption from 4.00% to 3.25%.



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Trustees of Coon Rapids Municipal Utilities:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Coon Rapids Municipal Utilities, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related Notes to Financial Statements, which collectively comprise the Utilities' basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 19, 2024.

### **Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Utilities' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Utilities' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Utilities' internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control which is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Utilities' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

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The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. However, we noted a certain immaterial instance of noncompliance which is described in Part II of the accompanying schedule of findings.

Comments involved statutory and other legal matters about the Utilities' operations for the year ended June 30, 2024 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the Utilities. Since our audit was based on test and samples, not all transactions that might have an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

### Coon Rapids Municipal Utilities' Response to the Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Utilities' responses to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings. The Utilities' responses were not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

### **Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Utilities' internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Utilities' internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of Coon Rapids Municipal Utilities during the course of our audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, we shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.

Humboldt, Iowa

December 19, 2024

TP Anderson & Company, PC

# COON RAPIDS MUNICIPAL UTILITIES A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF COON RAPIDS SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

### Part I: Findings Related to the Financial Statements

### **INSTANCES OF NONCOMPLIANCE:**

No matters were noted.

### **INTERNAL CONTROL DEFICIENCIES:**

No matters were noted.

### **Part II: Other Findings Related to Statutory Reporting:**

II-A-24	<u>Certified Budget</u> – Disbursements during the year ended June 30, 2024 did not exceed the amounts budgeted.
II-B-24	<u>Questionable Disbursement</u> – No disbursements we believe may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979 were noted.
II-C-24	<u>Travel Expense</u> – No disbursements of Utility money for travel expenses of spouses of Utility officials or employees were noted.
II-D-24	<u>Business Transactions</u> – No business transactions between Coon Rapids Municipal Utilities and the Utilities' officials and employees were noted.
II-E-24	<u>Bond Coverage</u> – Surety bond coverage of Utility officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of coverage should be reviewed annually to insure that the coverage is adequate for current operations.
II-F-24	<u>Board Minutes</u> – No transactions were found that we believe should have been approved in the Board minutes but were not.
II-G-24	<u>Deposits and Investments</u> – We noted no instances of noncompliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and 12C of the Code of Iowa and the Utilities' investment policy.
II-H-24	<u>Telecommunication Services</u> – No instance of noncompliance with Chapter 388.10 of the Code of Iowa were noted.